



EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF LESOTHO
Lesotho General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

0182/02

Paper 2

October/November 2018

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Ruler

Marks: 80

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the relevant spaces provided at the top of this paper.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Answer **ALL** the questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below the question.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

You should read and study the sources **before** answering the questions.

The Insert contains Fig. 2 for Question 2(b).

Use the lined page on the back page for writing if you need more space.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
Total	

This document consists of 11 printed pages, 1 lined page and 4 blank pages.



1 (a) Define the following terms:

(i) *Population*

.....
..... [1]

(ii) *Population density*

.....
..... [1]

(iii) Suggest **four** reasons for high birth rate in Lesotho.

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.....
..... [4]



(b) Study Fig. 1 which shows the population growth of developing regions and developed regions between 1750 to 2100.

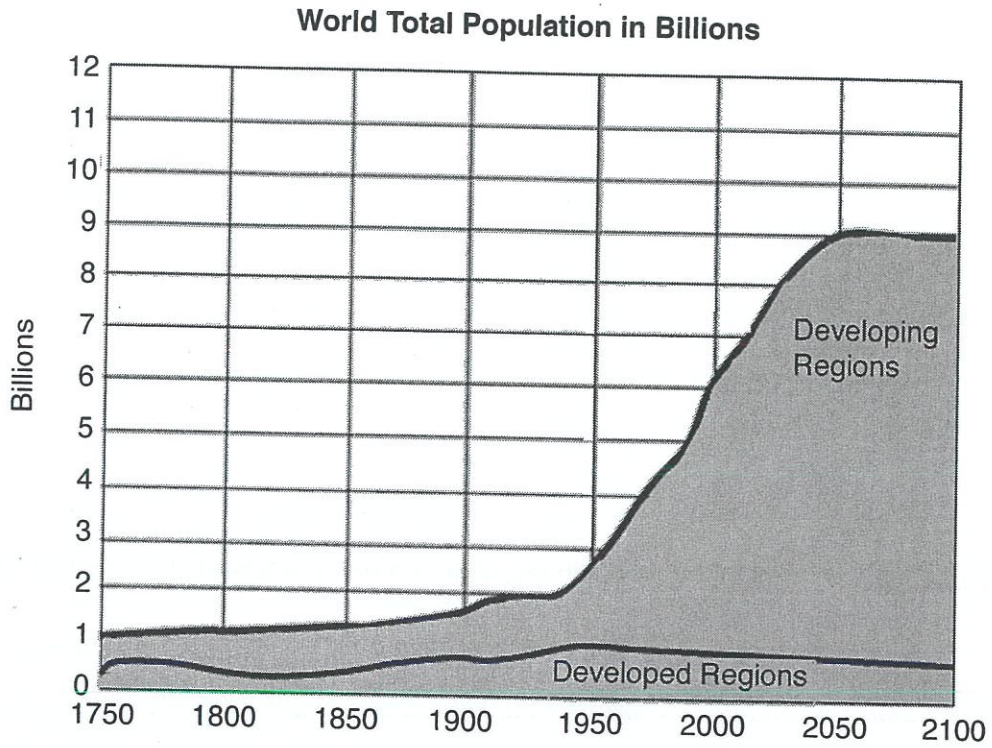


Fig. 1

Jerome D. Fellman, Author Getis, Judith Getis (Human Geography, tenth Edition)

(i) State the population of **both** the developing and the developed regions in 1800 in Fig. 1.

Developing:

Developed: [2]

(ii) Compare the population change of developing regions and developed regions in 1900 to 2050 in Fig. 1.

.....

 [4]

(iii) Explain **two** economic impacts that are likely to be experienced by developing regions during the period between 1950 and 2050.

1

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.....

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2

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.....

..... [4]

(iv) Explain the trend in the world population growth between 2050 and 2100.

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

(v) With reference to the rate of population growth in Fig. 1, explain which period between **1750–1900** and **2050–2100** would peasant farming be appropriate.

1

.....

.....

.....

2

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.....

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3

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.....

..... [6]

[Total: 25]



2 (a) (i) Define *migration*.

.....
..... [1]

(ii) State **one** reason for forced migration.

.....
..... [1]

(iii) State the difference between **emigration** and **immigration**.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(iv) Explain **one** benefit of migration.

.....
.....
.....
..... [2]

(b) Study Fig. 2 (Insert) which shows population of some of the world's largest cities.

(i) Give the names of the **two** cities which were the largest by the year 2000.

1
2 [2]

(ii) In which continent are the most of the world's cities found?

..... [1]

(iii) State one continent that has **no** large city in Fig. 2.

..... [1]

(iv) Name **one** city which is found in South America.

..... [1]

(v) State the city in which there has been **no** growth between 1985 and 2000.

..... [1]

(vi) State the population of Seoul in 1985.

.....
..... [1]

(c) (i) Describe possible problems that may be caused by a large increase in population in Sao Paulo.

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..... [2]

(ii) Describe the pattern of urbanisation in Fig 2.

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..... [4]



3 One of the major causes of population change within a country is rapid urbanization resulting from rural-urban migration.

Thabo decided to undertake a study on the causes and problems of rural-urban migration in Maputsoe in the district of Leribe. He used interviews, questionnaires and observations.

The following is part of the responses he obtained:

- I wanted to be near my job.
- I had to be where I could easily get a job
- I had to be near doctors because I am a very sick person.
- I have to stay with my children who attend school here, etc.
- The people here discriminate against people from rural areas
- Earning a living here is very difficult due to high standard of living
- Crime rate here is too high, etc.

Fig. 3

(a) (i) Define *rural-urban migration*.

.....
..... [1]

(ii) Give **one** reason why people migrate.

.....
..... [1]

(b) (i) Basing yourself on Fig. 3, formulate an appropriate topic for the researcher's study.

.....
..... [1]

(ii) Referring to Fig. 3, formulate **two** appropriate hypotheses for this study.

.....
.....
..... [2]

(iii) State **one** problem of rural-urban migration from Fig. 3.

.....
..... [1]



(iv) From Fig. 3, formulate **two** objective for his study.

.....
..... [2]

(v) Give **two** methods of data collection the researcher used in Fig. 3.

.....
..... [2]

(c) One of the components of the researcher's sample was factory workers.

(i) State a research method that would be suitable to factory workers.

Justify your answer.

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..... [2]

(ii) Explain **two** reasons why an industrial town such as Maputsoe is a suitable place for this kind of study.

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..... [4]



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